117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S.

To direct the Secretary of Labor to issue an emergency temporary standard that requires operators to develop and implement a comprehensive infectious disease exposure control plan to protect miners from exposure to SARS–CoV–2, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. MANCHIN (for himself, Mr. WARNER, Mrs. CAPITO, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. KAINE, Mr. CASEY, and Mr. BROWN) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on ______

A BILL

- To direct the Secretary of Labor to issue an emergency temporary standard that requires operators to develop and implement a comprehensive infectious disease exposure control plan to protect miners from exposure to SARS-CoV-2, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "COVID–19 Mine
- 5 Worker Protection Act".

SEC. 2. EMERGENCY TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT STAND ARDS.

3 (a) Emergency Temporary Health or Safety4 Standard.—

5 (1) IN GENERAL.—In consideration of the grave 6 risk presented by COVID-19 and the need to 7 strengthen protections for miners, pursuant to sec-8 tion 101(b) of the Federal Mine Safety and Health 9 Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 811(b)) and notwithstanding 10 the provisions of law and the Executive order listed 11 in paragraph (3), not later than 7 days after the 12 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of 13 Labor shall promulgate an emergency temporary 14 health or safety standard to protect miners from oc-15 cupational exposure to SARS-CoV-2.

(2) APPLICATION OF STANDARD.—Pursuant to
section 101(b)(2) of the Federal Mine Safety and
Health Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 811(b)), the emergency temporary health or safety standard promulgated under paragraph (1) shall be effective until
superseded by a mandatory health or safety standard promulgated under subsection (b).

(3) INAPPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF LAW AND
EXECUTIVE ORDER.—The provisions of law and the
Executive order listed in this paragraph are as follows:

1	(A) Chapter 6 of title 5, United States
2	Code (commonly referred to as the "Regulatory
3	Flexibility Act").
4	(B) Subchapter I of chapter 35 of title 44,
5	United States Code (commonly referred to as
6	the "Paperwork Reduction Act").
7	(C) The Unfunded Mandates Reform Act
8	of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.).
9	(D) Executive Order 12866 (58 Fed. Reg.
10	190; relating to regulatory planning and re-
11	view), as amended.
12	(b) PERMANENT STANDARD.—Pursuant to section
13	101(b)(3) of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of
14	1977 (30 U.S.C. $811(b)(3)$), the Secretary shall promul-
15	gate a mandatory standard to protect miners from occupa-
16	tional exposure to SARS–CoV–2.
17	(c) REQUIREMENTS.—The standards promulgated
18	under this section shall—
19	(1) include a requirement that operators—
20	(A) with the input and involvement of min-
21	ers or, where applicable, the representatives of
22	miners develop and implement a comprehensive
23	infectious disease exposure control plan to ad-
24	dress the risk of occupational exposure to
25	SARS–CoV–2; and

1	(B) provide to miners the necessary per-
2	sonal protective equipment, disinfectant, ancil-
3	lary medical supplies, and other applicable sup-
4	plies determined necessary by the Secretary to
5	reduce and limit exposure to SARS-CoV-2 in
6	coal or other mines;
7	(2) incorporate guidelines—
8	(A) issued by the Centers for Disease Con-
9	trol and Prevention and the National Institute
10	for Occupational Safety and Health, which are
11	designed to prevent the transmission of infec-
12	tious agents in occupational settings; and
13	(B) from relevant scientific research on
14	novel pathogens; and
15	(3) include a requirement for the recording and
16	reporting of all work-related COVID-19 infections
17	and deaths as set forth in part 50 of title 30, Code
18	of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date of
19	enactment of this Act).
20	SEC. 3. SURVEILLANCE, TRACKING, AND INVESTIGATION
21	OF MINING-RELATED CASES OF COVID-19.
22	The Secretary of Labor (acting through the Assistant
23	Secretary for Mine Safety and Health), in coordination
24	with the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and

Prevention and the Director of the National Institute for
 Occupational Safety and Health, shall—

3 (1) collect and analyze case reports and other
4 data on COVID-19 to identify and evaluate the ex5 tent, nature, and source of COVID-19 among min6 ers, including the prevalence of and consequences of
7 COVID-19 diagnoses among miners also diagnosed
8 with pneumoconiosis;

9 (2) investigate, as appropriate, individual cases
10 of COVID-19 among miners to evaluate the source
11 of exposure and adequacy of infectious disease expo12 sure control plans;

13 (3) provide regular periodic reports on COVID14 19 among miners to the public; and

(4) based on such reports and investigations,
make recommendations on needed actions or guidance to protect miners from COVID-19.

18 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.

The terms used in this Act have the meanings given
the terms in section 3 of the Federal Mine Safety and
Health Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 802).